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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.	
10/549,494	09/15/2005	Takatomo Sasaki	10873.1761USWO	7729	
52835 7590 03/06/2009 HAMRE, SCHUMANN, MUELLER & LARSON, P.C. P.O. BOX 2902			EXAMINER		
			SONG, MATTHEW J		
MINNEAPOLIS, MN 55402-0902			ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER	
			1792		
			MAIL DATE	DELIVERY MODE	
			03/06/2009	PAPER	

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

The time period for reply, if any, is set in the attached communication.

## Advisory Action Before the Filing of an Appeal Brief

Application No.	Applicant(s)		
10/549,494	SASAKI ET AL.		
Examiner	Art Unit		

	MATTHEW J. SONG	1792	
The MAILING DATE of this communication appe	ars on the cover sheet with the c	correspondence add	ress
THE REPLY FILED <u>17 February 2009</u> FAILS TO PLACE THIS A	APPLICATION IN CONDITION FO	R ALLOWANCE.	
1. The reply was filed after a final rejection, but prior to or on application, applicant must timely file one of the following application in condition for allowance; (2) a Notice of Apperent for Continued Examination (RCE) in compliance with 37 C periods:	the same day as filing a Notice of A replies: (1) an amendment, affidavit al (with appeal fee) in compliance	Appeal. To avoid abar t, or other evidence, w with 37 CFR 41.31; or	hich places the (3) a Request
a) The period for reply expires 4 months from the mailing date b) The period for reply expires on: (1) the mailing date of this Ar no event, however, will the statutory period for reply expire to Examiner Note: If box 1 is checked, check either box (a) or (1)  MONTHS OF THE FINAL BEJECTION See MEER 706 07(4)	dvisory Action, or (2) the date set forth in ter than SIX MONTHS from the mailing b). ONLY CHECK BOX (b) WHEN THE	g date of the final rejection	n.
MONTHS OF THE FINAL REJECTION. See MPEP 706.07(f Extensions of time may be obtained under 37 CFR 1.136(a). The date of have been filed is the date for purposes of determining the period of extunder 37 CFR 1.17(a) is calculated from: (1) the expiration date of the set forth in (b) above, if checked. Any reply received by the Office later may reduce any earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b). NOTICE OF APPEAL	on which the petition under 37 CFR 1.1: ension and the corresponding amount on the tened statutory period for reply origin	of the fee. The appropria nally set in the final Offic	ate extension fee e action; or (2) as
<ol> <li>The Notice of Appeal was filed on A brief in compl filing the Notice of Appeal (37 CFR 41.37(a)), or any exter Notice of Appeal has been filed, any reply must be filed wi AMENDMENTS</li> </ol>	sion thereof (37 CFR 41.37(e)), to	avoid dismissal of the	
3. ☐ The proposed amendment(s) filed after a final rejection, be (a) ☐ They raise new issues that would require further cor			cause
(b) They raise the issue of new matter (see NOTE below (c) They are not deemed to place the application in better appeal; and/or	v);	•	ne issues for
(d) ☐ They present additional claims without canceling a c NOTE: (See 37 CFR 1.116 and 41.33(a)).	orresponding number of finally reje	ected claims.	
4. The amendments are not in compliance with 37 CFR 1.12 5. Applicant's reply has overcome the following rejection(s):		mpliant Amendment (I	PTOL-324).
<ol> <li>Newly proposed or amended claim(s) would be all non-allowable claim(s).</li> </ol>	owable if submitted in a separate, t	imely filed amendmer	t canceling the
7.  For purposes of appeal, the proposed amendment(s): a) [ how the new or amended claims would be rejected is prov The status of the claim(s) is (or will be) as follows:		l be entered and an ex	xplanation of
Claim(s) allowed: Claim(s) objected to: Claim(s) rejected: <u>1,3-12,14,17, 18, 20,21,24-27,30</u> . Claim(s) withdrawn from consideration: <u>37,39 and 41</u> .			
AFFIDAVIT OR OTHER EVIDENCE			
<ol> <li>The affidavit or other evidence filed after a final action, but because applicant failed to provide a showing of good and was not earlier presented. See 37 CFR 1.116(e).</li> </ol>			
9. The affidavit or other evidence filed after the date of filing a entered because the affidavit or other evidence failed to of showing a good and sufficient reasons why it is necessary	vercome <u>all</u> rejections under appea	al and/or appellant fails	s to provide a
10.  ☐ The affidavit or other evidence is entered. An explanation REQUEST FOR RECONSIDERATION/OTHER	n of the status of the claims after er	ntry is below or attach	ed.
<ol> <li>The request for reconsideration has been considered but See Continuation Sheet.</li> </ol>	does NOT place the application in	condition for allowan	ce because:
<ul><li>12. ☐ Note the attached Information <i>Disclosure Statement</i>(s). (</li><li>13. ☐ Other:</li></ul>	PTO/SB/08) Paper No(s)		
	/Robert M Kunemund/ Primary Examiner, Art U	nit 1792	

Continuation of 11. does NOT place the application in condition for allowance because: Applicant's arguments filed 2/17/2009 have been fully considered but they are not persuasive.

Applicant's argument that there is an improvement in flatness is noted but not found persuasive. Yamada et al teaches a homogeneous epitaxial layer of uniform thickness is produced over the entire substrate by stirring (col 5, ln 1-35); therefore improved flatness is expected by stirring.

Applicant's argument that even if the Yamada teachings increase uniformity in the vertical direction, the method seems not to increase the thickness of the crystal is noted but not found persuasive. Applicant alleges there is no reasonable basis to combine. The examiner recognizes that obviousness can only be established by combining or modifying the teachings of the prior art to produce the claimed invention where there is some teaching, suggestion, or motivation to do so found either in the references themselves or in the knowledge generally available to one of ordinary skill in the art. See In re Fine, 837 F.2d 1071, 5 USPQ2d 1596 (Fed. Cir. 1988)and In re Jones, 958 F.2d 347, 21 USPQ2d 1941 (Fed. Cir. 1992). In this case, Yamada et al teaches increase in uniformity by stirring.

Applicant's argument regarding the differences in the process between Yamada and Kawamura are noted but not found persuasive. First, Yamada et al teaches an apparatus for LPE growth (Abstract and col 6, In 1-67); therefore conducting the Kawamura et al LPE process using the Yamada reference would have been obvious. Second, Kawamura et al does not limit the method of LPE growth by placing substrates horizontally. Kawamura et al does not exclude placing substrates obliquely to the horizontal axis. Third, Yamada et al teaches stirring increases uniformity; therefore rocking the Kawamura apparatus would have been obvious.

Applicant's argument that Yamada et al does not suggest rocking is noted but not found persuasive. Yamada et al tilting the growth chamber to keep the solution in a homogenous condition to achieve uniform LPE growth (col 2, In 10-30 and col 4, In 50 to col 5, In 5) and rotation of the growth chamber as a periodic function of time during liquid phase growth (col 4, In 30-45), this clearly suggests rocking the chamber...